Safety Data Sheet



1. Identification of Substance & Company

Product

Product name Product code HSNO approval Approval description UN number DG class Proper Shipping Name Packaging group Hazchem code Uses PermaGreen Restore Not assigned HSR002571 Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 NA NA NA NA NA Fertiliser

Company Details

Company Address

Website Telephone Email

Blue Pacific Minerals

11-17 Huttloc Drive, Tokoroa 3420 New Zealand www.bpmnz.co.nz +64 7 885 0550 info@bpmnz.co.nz

Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 678 444

2. Hazard Identification

Approval

This product has been approved under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020). The substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020:

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

GHS 7 Classes

Hazard Statements

Skin irritant category 2 Eye irritant category 2 Reproductive toxicity category 2

SYMBOLS WARNING



Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

- P103 Read label before use.
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P261 Avoid breathing vapours.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

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| Response | P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. |
|----------|---|
| | P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, |
| | if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| | P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| | P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. |
| | P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. |
| | P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. |
| Storage | P405 - Store locked up. |
| Disposal | P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation. |

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

| Component | CAS/ Identification | Concentration (%0 |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|
| urea | 57-13-6 | 10-30 |
| sodium thiosulphate | 7772-98-7 | 1-10 |
| ammonium nitrate | 6484-52-2 | 1-10 |
| boric acid | 10043-35-3 | 0.1-1 |
| disodium Copper edetate | 14025-15-1 | 0.1-1 |
| ingredients not contributing to GHS classes including minerals, humates | Mixture | 1-10 |
| water | 7732-18-5 | balance |

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

4. First Aid

General Information

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

| Recommended first aid facilities | Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Exposure | |
| Swallowed | IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. |
| Eye contact | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Skin contact | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. |
| Inhaled | Generally, inhalation of fumes/vapours/dusts is unlikely to result in adverse health effects. If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor. |

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically

5. Firefighting Measures

| Fire and explosion hazards: Suitable extinguishing substances: Unsuitable extinguishing substances: | There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or alcohol resistant foam. Unknown. |
|---|---|
| Products of combustion: | Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures. |
| Protective equipment: | Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and eye protection. |
| Hazchem code: | NA |

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6. Accidental Release Measures

| Containment | If greater than 1000kg is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to stormwater. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Emergency procedures | In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust on concentrate. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately). |
| Clean-up method | Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services. |
| Disposal | Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations. |
| Precautions | Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. |
| 7. Storage & Handling | |
| Storage | Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. |
| Handling | Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols. |

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

| NZ Workplace | Ingredient | WES-TWA | WES-STEL |
|---------------|--|---|----------|
| Exposure Stds | potassium hydroxide | 2mg/m ³ (ceiling) | - |
| | phosphoric acid | 1mg/m ³ | - |
| | boric acid: | | |
| | Borates, tetra, sodium salts, anhydrous: | 1mg/m ³ | - |
| | decahydrate: | 5mg/m ³ | - |
| | pentrahydrate | 1mg/m ³ " | - |
| | Disodium Copper edetate | 0.01 mg/m ³ (as Cu) (respirable) | - |

Engineering Controls

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

Personal Protective Equipment

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate. Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken. Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes

Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash g are possible. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

Eyes

General



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Skin



Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Wash hands after handling.

Respirator is not required under normal use. Ensure adequate natural ventilation. If product is being used in confined conditions, the use of a mask or respirator may be preferred.

WES Additional Information

| Not | app | lica | b | le |
|-----|-----|------|---|----|
|-----|-----|------|---|----|

Respiratory

| Odournot specifiedOdour Thresholdno datapH6.4Freezing/melting pointno dataBoiling Pointno dataFlashpointno dataFlashpointno tataFlammabilitynot flammable |
|---|
| pH 6.4 Freezing/melting point no data Boiling Point no data Flashpoint no data |
| Freezing/melting pointno dataBoiling Pointno dataFlashpointno data |
| Boiling Point no data Flashpoint no data |
| Flashpoint no data |
| |
| Flammability not flammable |
| not natimable |
| Upper & lower flammable limits NA |
| Vapour pressure no data |
| Vapour density no data |
| Specific gravity/density 1.231 |
| Solubility partly soluble |
| Partition coefficient no data |
| Auto-ignition temperature no data |
| Decomposition temperature no data |
| Viscosity no data |
| Particle Characteristics no data |
| 10. Stability & Reactivity |
| |

| Stability Stable | |
|---|--|
| | rs should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme open flames. |
| Incompatible groups Acids ar | oxidising agents. |
| Substance Specific None kn Incompatibility | own |
| Hazardous decomposition Thermal products | decomposition may result in oxides of sulphur and sodium. |
| Hazardous reactions None kn | own |

11. Toxicological Information

Summary

IF SWALLOWED: Not expected to show an effect at this concentration. Large amounts may cause gastrointestinal disturbances.

IF IN EYES: may cause eye irritation.

IF ON SKIN: contact dermatitis may occur in sensitized individuals. May cause skin irritation.

IN INHALED: may cause respiratory irritation.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: Exposure to boric acids/borates over prolonged periods may affect the reproductive system in both males and females.

Supporting Data

| Acute | Oral | Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: potassium hydroxide 273 mg/kg (rat), phosphoric acid 1530 mg/kg (rat), boric acid 466 mg B/kg (mouse) = 2668 mg/kg (mouse), ammonium nitrate 2217 mg/kg (rat). |
|-------|---------|---|
| | Dermal | Using LD ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. |
| | Inhaled | Using LD_{50} 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the mixture is >5mg/L/4h. |

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| | Eye | The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant, because some of the ingredients (ammonium nitrate, sodium thiosulphate, urea) present are considered eye irritants in |
|---------|---------------------|---|
| | | more concentrated form. |
| | Skin | The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant, because some of the ingredients (sodium |
| | | thiosulphate) present are considered skin irritants in more concentrated form. |
| Chronic | Sensitisation | The mixture is not considered to be a contact sensitizer. |
| | Mutagenicity | No ingredient present at concentrations $> 0.1\%$ is considered a mutagen. |
| | Carcinogenicity | No ingredient present at concentrations $> 0.1\%$ is considered a carcinogen. |
| | Reproductive / | The mixture is considered to be a suspected reproductive or developmental toxicant, |
| | Developmental | because at least one of the ingredients present in greater than 0.1% is suspected to be a reproductive or developmental toxicant (boric acid, borax). Animal experiments have shown that ingestion of borates at high doses or over prolonged periods may affect the reproductive system in both males and females. |
| | Systemic | No ingredient present at concentrations > 1% is considered a target organ toxicant. |
| | Aggravation of | None known. |
| | existing conditions | |
| 12 Ecol | logical Data | |
| | logical Data | |

Summary

In all cases prevent run-off to drains, sewers and waterways.

Supporting Data

| Aquatic | Using EC ₅₀ 's for ingredients, the calculated EC ₅₀ for the mixture is > 100 mg/L. |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Bioaccumulation | No data |
| Degradability | No data |
| Soil | No evidence of soil toxicity. |
| Terrestrial vertebrate | No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial vertebrates. |
| Terrestrial invertebrate | No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates. |
| Biocidal | no data |
| Environmental effect levels | No data |
| 13. Disposal Consideration | ons |

| Restrictions | There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents. | |
|------------------------|--|--|
| Disposal method | Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment. | |
| Contaminated packaging | Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging. | |

14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

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|-------|--------|----------|--------------|----------|---------|----------|-----------|------|
| Thora | ara na | opooifio | rootriotiona | for this | product | (not a c | langaroug | 0000 |

| ie. Dangerous Go | Juus 2005 - INZS 5433.2007 | |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| c restrictions for th | is product (not a dangerous good). | |
| NA | Proper shipping name: | NA |
| NA | Packing group: | NA |
| NA | Hazchem code: | NA |
| | | |
| NA | Proper shipping name: | Not regulated |
| NA | Packing group: | NA |
| NA | EmS | NA |
| | | |
| NA | Proper shipping name: | Not regulated |
| NA | Packing group: | NA |
| NA | ERG Guide | NA |
| | c restrictions for th NA NA NA NA NA NA NA | NAPacking group: NANAHazchem code:NAProper shipping name: Packing group: NANAPacking group: EmSNAEmSNAProper shipping name: Packing group: NA |

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15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

Specific Controls

| Key workplace requirements are: | |
|--|---|
| SDS | To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity. |
| Inventory | An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained. |
| Packaging | All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been supplied |
| Labelling | Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017. |
| Emergency plan | Not required. |
| Certified handler | Not required. |
| Tracking | Not required. |
| Bunding & secondary containment | Not required. |
| Signage | Not required. |
| Location compliance certificate | Not required. |
| Flammable zone | Not required. |
| Fire extinguisher | Not required. |
| Note: The above workplace requirements | apply if aply this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a |

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

16. Other Information

Abbreviations

| Approval Code | Approval HSR002571, Fertilisers (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2020 Controls, |
|------------------|--|
| CAS Number | EPA. www.epa.govt.nz |
| | Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test |
| EC50 | population (e.g. daphnia, fish species) |
| EPA | Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand) |
| GHS | Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7th revised |
| | edition, 2017, published by the United Nations. |
| HAZCHEM Code | Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters |
| HSNO | Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations) |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| LEL | Lower Explosive Limit |
| LD ₅₀ | Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats). |
| LC ₅₀ | Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats) |
| NZIoC | New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals |
| STEL | Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or |
| | biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded |
| STOT RE | System Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure |
| STOT SE | System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure |
| TWA | Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day |
| | (usually 8 hours) |
| UEL | Upper Explosive Limit |
| UN Number | United Nations Number |
| WES | |
| WEG | Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone. |
| | |

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References

| Data | Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification informatio database (CCID). |
|--|--|
| Controls | EPA notices, www.epa.govt.nz, Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, www.legislation.govt.nz |
| WES | The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available on their web site – www.worksafe.govt.nz. |
| Other References: | SDS of ingredients |
| Review | |
| Date November 2023 May 2024 | Reason for review Not applicable – new SDS Review of classes |

Disclaimer

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951.

