

## 1. Identification of Substance & Company

### Product

<b>Product name</b>	BPM Optisolve 5
<b>Product code</b>	not assigned
<b>HSNO approval</b>	HSR002521
<b>Approval description</b>	Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2020
<b>UN number</b>	3077
<b>DG class</b>	9
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains copper glycinate, zinc sulphate)
<b>Packaging group</b>	III
<b>Hazchem code</b>	2Z
<b>Uses</b>	Animal feed premix

### Company Details

<b>Company</b>	<b>Blue Pacific Minerals</b>
<b>Address</b>	11-17 Huttloc Drive, Tokoroa 3420 New Zealand
<b>Website</b>	www.bpmnz.co.nz
<b>Telephone</b>	+64 7 885 0550
<b>Email</b>	info@bpmnz.co.nz

**Emergency Telephone Number: 0800 678 444**

## 2. Hazard Identification

### Approval

This product has been approved under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002521, Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2020), This substance has been classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020

### GHS Classes

Acute Toxicity category 4 (oral)  
Skin irritant category 2  
Eye corrosive category 1  
Respiratory sensitiser category 1  
Skin sensitiser category 1  
Carcinogen category 2  
Reproductive toxicity category 2  
STOT\* RE category 2  
Acute Aquatic category 1  
Chronic aquatic category 1  
Ecotoxic to soil organisms  
Ecotoxic to terrestrial organisms

### Hazard Statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H341 - Suspected of causing cancer.  
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.  
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.  
H423 - Harmful to the soil environment.  
H433 - Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

\*STOT – system target organ toxicity

### SYMBOLS

# DANGER



### Other Classifications

There are no other classifications that are known to apply.

**Precautionary Statements**

<b>Prevention</b>	P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P103 - Read label before use. P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 - Do not breathe dust. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. P281 - Use personal protective equipment as required. P285 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
<b>Response</b>	P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P330 - Rinse mouth. P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. P304+P341 - IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P342+P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician. P391 - Collect spillage.
<b>Storage</b>	P405 - Store locked up. P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
<b>Disposal</b>	P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

**3. Composition / Information on Ingredients**

Component	CAS/ Identification	Concentration
Zinc sulphate	7733-02-0	30-60%
Copper glycinate	13479-54-4	20-40%
Cobalt Sulphate Heptahydrate	10026-24-1	1-10%
Ethylenediamine dihydriodide	5700-49-2	0.1-1%%
Ingredients not contributing to GHS classes, including minerals (Se, Na) and flavour	mixture	balance

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

**4. First Aid**

**General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

**Recommended first aid facilities** Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

**Exposure**

**Swallowed** IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

**Eye contact** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

**Skin contact** IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Inhaled** IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

**Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically



## 5. Firefighting Measures

<b>Fire and explosion hazards:</b>	There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable.
<b>Suitable extinguishing substances:</b>	Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam, fog sprays.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing substances:</b>	Unknown.
<b>Products of combustion:</b>	Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.
<b>Protective equipment:</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat and eye protection.
<b>Hazchem code:</b>	2Z

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Containment</b>	If greater than 100kg is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to storm water.
<b>Emergency procedures</b>	In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).
<b>Clean-up method</b>	Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.
<b>Disposal</b>	Carefully sweep up, or vacuum and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage. Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.
<b>Precautions</b>	Avoid the creation of dust. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

## 7. Storage & Handling

<b>Storage</b>	Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.
<b>Handling</b>	Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of dusts.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

### Workplace Exposure Standards

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m<sup>3</sup> for respirable particulates and 10mg/m<sup>3</sup> for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace Exposure Stds	Ingredient	WES-TWA	WES-STEL
	Zinc sulphate	Not listed	Not listed
	Copper Glycinate	Not listed	Not listed
	Cobalt Sulphate Heptahydrate	0.02mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Co)	Not listed
	Copper as Cu	0.01mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not listed
	Zinc oxide	0.1mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)	0.5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)
	Sodium selenate as Se	0.02mg/m <sup>3</sup> (skin)	Not listed
	EDDI as Iodine	0.01ppm, 0.05mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not listed
	EDDI as Iodine	Ceiling 0.1ppm, 1mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not listed

**Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

**Personal Protective Equipment**

**General**

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be undertaken.

**Eyes**



Protect eyes with goggles, safety glasses or full face mask. Avoid wearing contact lenses. Select eye protection in accordance with AS/NZS 1337.

**Skin**



Avoid any skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Nitrile gloves are recommended. Protective gloves or suitably resistant material must comply with AS 2161. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Protective clothing must comply with AS 2919, AS3765.1 or AS3765.2. PVC or rubber boots must comply with AS/NZS 2210.2 and selected and maintained in accordance with AS/NS2210.1. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating, drinking or smoking.

**Respiratory**

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Respirators must have filters appropriate to the duty and comply with AS/NZS1716 and selected, used and maintained in accordance with AS/NS 1715. Use a respirator with a particulate filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order. Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and maintenance of PPE are necessary.

**WES Additional Information**

Not applicable

**9. Physical & Chemical Properties**

<b>Appearance</b>	solid powder
<b>Odour</b>	odourless
<b>Odour Threshold</b>	no data
<b>pH</b>	no data
<b>Freezing/melting point</b>	no data
<b>Boiling Point</b>	no data
<b>Flashpoint</b>	no data
<b>Flammability</b>	no data
<b>Upper &amp; lower flammable limits</b>	no data
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	negligible
<b>Vapour density</b>	no data
<b>Specific gravity/density</b>	no data
<b>Solubility</b>	partly soluble in water
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	no data
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	no data
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	>825°C
<b>Viscosity</b>	no data
<b>Particle Characteristics</b>	no data

## 10. Stability & Reactivity

<b>Stability</b>	Stable
<b>Conditions to be avoided</b>	Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Keep from moisture.
<b>Incompatible groups</b>	Strong acids, alkali and strong oxidisers
<b>Substance Specific Incompatibility</b>	none known
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Oxides of carbon, copper and zinc
<b>Hazardous reactions</b>	none known

## 11. Toxicological Information

### Summary

IF SWALLOWED: may cause irritation, nausea, stomach pains and/or vomiting.

IF IN EYES: May cause irritation of the eyes. Zinc sulphate: May cause blurred vision and serious eye damage. Visual disturbances, including blurred vision.

IF ON SKIN: May cause irritation of the skin. Skin contact will cause redness, itching and swelling. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking and may lead to dermatitis. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

IF INHALED: dusts may cause irritation of the respiratory tract.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: repeated exposure may be harmful to kidneys (cobalt compounds), heart and pancreas. Cobalt sulphate may damage fertility and is suspected carcinogen. Repeated exposure to Copper compounds may be harmful to the kidneys.

### Supporting Data

<b>Acute</b>	<b>Oral</b>	Using LD <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (oral) for the mixture is between 300 and 2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: zinc sulphate 926mg/kg (mouse), copper glycinate 1200mg/kg (rat), Cobalt Sulphate Heptahydrate 330mg/kg (sheep).
	<b>Dermal</b>	Using LD <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (dermal) for the mixture is >2,000 mg/kg. Data considered includes:
	<b>Inhaled</b>	Using LD <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE) (inhalation) for the mixture is >5mg/L/4h.
	<b>Eye</b>	The mixture is considered to be corrosive to the eye. Zinc sulphates is classed as an eye corrosive.
	<b>Skin</b>	The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant. Zinc sulphate, cobalt sulphate and copper glycinate are classed as a skin irritant.
<b>Chronic</b>	<b>Sensitisation</b>	The mixture is considered to be a contact and respiratory sensitizer, because at least one of the ingredients (cobalt sulphate) present in greater than 0.1% is known to be a contact and respiratory sensitizer.
	<b>Mutagenicity</b>	No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.
	<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	The mixture is considered to be a suspected carcinogen. Cobalt compounds are classed by EPA as suspected carcinogens.
	<b>Reproductive / Developmental</b>	The mixture is considered to be a suspected reproductive or developmental toxicant, because cobalt compounds are classed by EPA as reproductive/developmental toxicants and is present in greater than 0.1%.
	<b>Systemic Aggravation of existing conditions</b>	Repeated exposure to copper sulphate may affect the kidneys. None known.

## 12. Ecological Data

### Summary

This mixture is considered toxic towards aquatic organisms with long lasting effects and harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates and harmful towards soil organisms.

### Supporting Data

<b>Aquatic</b>	Using EC <sub>50</sub> 's for ingredients, the calculated EC <sub>50</sub> for the mixture is <1 mg/L. Data considered includes: zinc sulphate 98.77µg/L (96hr, Oncorhynchus mykiss), 0.09877mg/L (48hr, Daphnia hyalina), 0.02469mg/L (5d, Ditylum brightwellii Diatom), copper glycinate 23µg/L (96hr, fathead minnow), 13.8µg/L (96hr, rainbow trout juveniles), 236-892ug/L (96hr, bluegill, adults), Cobalt Sulphate Heptahydrate EC <sub>50</sub> 0.4-72 mg/L (72hr, Algae).
<b>Bioaccumulation</b>	No data
<b>Degradability</b>	No data
<b>Soil</b>	This mixture may be harmful towards soil organisms.
<b>Terrestrial vertebrate</b>	See acute toxicity.
<b>Terrestrial invertebrate</b>	No data for the mixture
<b>Biocidal</b>	no data
<b>Environmental effect levels</b>	No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

## 13. Disposal Considerations

<b>Restrictions</b>	There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.
<b>Disposal method</b>	Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the environment.
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible reuse or recycle packaging.

## 14. Transport Information

### Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for transport.

<b>UN number:</b>	3077	<b>Proper shipping name:</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains copper glycinate, zinc sulphate)
<b>Class(es)</b>	9	<b>Packing group:</b>	III
<b>Precautions:</b>	Marine pollutant.	<b>Hazchem code:</b>	3Z
<b>IMDG</b>			
<b>UN number:</b>	3077	<b>Proper shipping name:</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains copper glycinate, zinc sulphate)
<b>Class(es)</b>	9	<b>Packing group:</b>	III
<b>Precautions:</b>	Marine pollutant	<b>EmS</b>	F-A, S-F
<b>IATA</b>			
<b>UN number:</b>	307	<b>Proper shipping name:</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (contains copper glycinate, zinc sulphate)
<b>Class(es)</b>	9	<b>Packing group:</b>	III
<b>Precautions:</b>	Marine pollutant	<b>ERG Guide</b>	171

## 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002521, Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2020. All ingredients appear on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals NZIoC.

### Specific Controls

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS	To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing any quantity.
Inventory	An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.
Packaging	All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been supplied
Labelling	Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.
Emergency plan	Required if > 100kg is stored.
Certified handler	Not required.
Tracking	Not required.
Bunding & secondary containment	Not required (exempt – ono pooling substance)
Signage	Required if > 100kg is stored.
Location compliance certificate	Not required.
Flammable zone	Not required.
Fire extinguisher	Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

### Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.

## 16. Other Information

### Abbreviations

<b>Approval Code</b>	Approval HSR002521, Animal Nutritional and Animal Care Products Group Standard 2020 Controls, EPA. <a href="http://www.epa.govt.nz">www.epa.govt.nz</a>
<b>CAS Number</b>	Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
<b>EC<sub>50</sub></b>	Ecotoxic Concentration 50% – concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)
<b>EPA</b>	Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)
<b>GHS</b>	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7 <sup>th</sup> revised edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.
<b>HAZCHEM Code</b>	Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services, especially fire fighters
<b>HSNO</b>	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)
<b>IARC</b>	International Agency for Research on Cancer
<b>LEL</b>	Lower Explosive Limit
<b>LD<sub>50</sub></b>	Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).
<b>LC<sub>50</sub></b>	Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats)
<b>NZIoC</b>	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
<b>MSDS (SDS)</b>	Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)
<b>STEL</b>	Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is not exceeded
<b>STOT RE</b>	System Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
<b>STOT SE</b>	System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure
<b>TWA</b>	Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day (usually 8 hours)
<b>UEL</b>	Upper Explosive Limit
<b>UN Number</b>	United Nations Number

**WES** Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

**References**

**Data** Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information database (CCID).

**Controls** EPA notices, [www.epa.govt.nz](http://www.epa.govt.nz), Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017, [www.legislation.govt.nz](http://www.legislation.govt.nz)

**WES** The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available on their web site – [www.worksafe.govt.nz](http://www.worksafe.govt.nz).

**Other References:** EU ECHA, ingredients SDS's, ChemIDplus, suppliers SDS

**Review**

<b>Date</b>	<b>Reason for review</b>
September 2021	Not applicable – new SDS
June 2025	Update of WES

**Disclaimer**

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS 7 classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email [info@datachem.co.nz](mailto:info@datachem.co.nz) or phone: +64 21 1050951.

