

## 1. Identification of Substance & Company

**Product** 

Product name Zeolite - granular

Product code NA

HSNO approval HSR002544 or HSR2503

Approval descriptionConstruction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017 or

Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard)

Group Standard 2017

UN number NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA

**Uses** Raw material

**Company Details** 

Company Blue Pacific Minerals
Address 11-17 Huttloc Drive,

Tokoroa 3420

 Website
 New Zealand

 Telephone
 +64 7 885 0550

 Email
 info@bpmnz.co.nz

## Emergency Telephone Number: +64 274 573007

### 2. Hazard Identification

#### **Approval**

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002544 or HSR2503, Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017) or Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017, and is classified as follows:

#### Classes Hazard Statements

6.3A Causes skin irritation.6.4A Causes eye irritation.

#### **SYMBOLS**

# **WARNING**



#### Other Classifications

Zeolite contains crystalline silica. The following classification ONLY applies to this substance if it is in the form of a fine respirable dust in an occupational (chronic exposure) setting.:

6.7A May cause cancer

6.9A Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

### **Precautionary Statements**

**Precautionary** Read label before use.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing.

Wear eye/face protection.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

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IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (w/w %)
Zeolite – crystalline aluminosilicates may contains oxides including silica and aluminium oxide:	1318-02-1	100
Silica component may include		
Cristobalite	14464-46-1	<10
Quartz (crystalline silica)	14808-60-7	<10

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

#### 4. First Aid

#### **General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid

facilities

Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

**Exposure** 

Swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor.

**Eye contact** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes

holding eyelids apart. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

**Skin contact** IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: get medical

advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

**Inhaled** If coughing, dizziness or shortness of breath is experienced, remove the patient to fresh

air immediately. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for

transport and contact a doctor.

**Advice to Doctor** 

Treat symptomatically

## 5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards:

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-flammable. Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder or water jet. Fight larger fires with water jet or

alcohol resistant foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

Products of combustion:

Product does not burn. Dust may form irritating atmosphere.

**Protective equipment:** No special measures are required.

Hazchem code:

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Containment** There is no current legal requirement for containment of this product.

Emergency procedures In the event of large spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

hazard

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure.

Clear area of any unprotected personnel.

Sweep up the solid. Avoid creating dust. If appropriate, use a gentle water spray to wet

material to minimise dust generation.

**Disposal** Sweep up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or

salvage. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Dispose of only in accord

with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

dusts. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

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## 7. Storage & Handling

Storage Handling Stable under normal use and storage conditions.

Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Do not breathe dust.

### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

### **Workplace Exposure Standards**

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m³ for respirable particulates and 10mg/m³ for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace	Ingredient	WES-TWA*	WES-STEL
Exposure Stds	Silicon dioxide	see crystalline silica	data unavailable
(2013)	Aluminium oxide	10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	data unavailable
	Iron (II) Oxide	5mg/m³ (as Fe)	data unavailable
	Magnesium oxide	10mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)	data unavailable
	Calcium oxide	2mg/m <sup>3</sup>	data unavailable
	Titanium dioxide	10mg/m <sup>3</sup>	data unavailable
	Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> ):	<del>-</del>	
	quartz, respirable dust	0.1mg/m <sup>3</sup>	data unavailable
	cristobalite, respirable dust	0.1mg/m <sup>3</sup>	data unavailable

<sup>\*</sup> These workplace exposure standards are also Prescribed Exposure Standards (PES) under the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016.

#### **Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

Eyes Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it

always prudent to use protective eyewear if dust is likely.

Skin Avoid repeated or prolonged skin contact. Wear overalls, rubber boots and impervious gloves. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use.

gloves. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. Remove protective clothing and wash exposed areas with soap and water prior to eating,

drinking or smoking. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Respiratory

To prevent irritation a well fitted dust mask should be used (this is not recommended when exposure is close to the WES). Use of a P2 dust mask or fine particulate half or full face respirator with an effective seal is recommended when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Fit testing and clear guidelines and training for use and

maintenance of PPE are necessary.

## **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable

## 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance solid, granular, off white/tan colour

**Odour** no odour

pH 8.65 (10% aqueous suspension)

Vapour pressure
Viscosity
NA
Boiling point
Volatile materials
Freezing / melting point
NA
NA
NA
NA

**Solubility** not soluble in water

Specific gravity / density ~0.65g/cm³
Flash point no data
Danger of explosion NA
Auto-ignition temperature NA
Upper & lower flammable limits NA

Corrosiveness non corrosive

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## 10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability Stable

Conditions to be avoided Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination. Avoid the creation of

dust

Incompatible groups
Hazardous decomposition

nazardous decompos

products

Avoid contact with strong oxidsing agents and hydrogen fluoride.

None known

Hazardous reactions Zeolites will react with hydrogen fluoride (HF) acid. Avoid contact with strong oxidsing

agents.

### 11. Toxicological Information

#### Summary

IF IN EYES: Fine dust may cause irritation when in direct contact.

IF ON SKIN: Material may cause drying out of skin.

IF INHALED: May cause respiratory irritation. Also see chronic effects.

IF SWALLOWED: No adverse effects anticipated under normal use conditions.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: The adverse health effects from respirable crystalline silica exposure-silicosis, cancer, scleroderma, tuberculosis, and nephrotoxicity- are chronic effects. This product is granular, but may become a respirable dust through sanding/grinding.

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Acute Oral Not considered acutely toxic if swallowed.

**Dermal** Not considered acutely toxic by dermal contact.

**Inhaled** The substance is not considered acutely toxic if inhaled, however there may be irritation

of the respiratory tract if dust is inhaled. Short term (acute) silicosis (see "systemic" below) can also occur with one-off exposures to extremely high levels of fine crystalline silica dust. Other short term effects include irritation, choking and difficulty breathing.

**Eye** The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant. Dust may be an eye irritant

(mechanical irritation).

**Skin** The mixture is considered to be a mild skin irritant.

**Chronic** Sensitisation No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

**Mutagenicity** No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.

Zeolites have been classed by IARC as group 3 – cannot be evaluated as to their carcinogenicity to humans. However, there is evidence that this material does contain quartz and cristobalite. Crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). Crystalline Silica triggers 6.7A classification (confirmed carcinogen). The carcinogenicity of silica is related to long term (e.g., 10 years) inhalation of very fine particulate (e.g., from sand blasting or

dry cutting of quartz containing substrates). Carcinogenicity of silica appears linked to development of silicosis (see systematic below) followed by complications and,

eventually lung cancer

Reproductive / Developmental Systemic

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

The respirable fraction of the dust of this product is considered to be a target organ toxicant, because of the presence of crystalline silica at greater than 1%. Crystalline silica triggers 6.9A classification if it is in the form of a fine respirable dust in an occupational (chronic exposure) setting. This is due to the development of silicosis which can occur following exposure to extremely high levels of fine silica dust. Silicosis is a type of pneumoconiosis – a disease of the lung that causes inflammation, scar tissue, lesions and fibrosis in the lung (alveolar). Symptoms include shortness of breath, cough, fever, loss of appetite and cyanosis (bluish skin). Silicosis can occur following prolonged exposure (e.g., 10 years) to relatively high levels of fine crystalline silica dust.

Based on limited animal research, it is possible that repeated inhalation of cellulose fibre

dust may lead to inflammation and scarring of the lung.

Aggravation of existing conditions

None known



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### 12. Ecological Data

#### **Summary**

This product is not considered ecotoxic.

**Supporting Data** 

Aquatic Not ecotoxic in the aquatic environment.

**Bioaccumulation** No data **Degradability** No data

Soil No consided ecotoxic in the soil environment.

Terrestrial vertebrate Not toxic towards terrestrial vertebrates

Terrestrial invertebrate Not toxic towards terrestrial invertebrates

Biocidal Not biocidal

**Environmental effect levels**No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients

### 13. Disposal Considerations

**Restrictions**There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

**Disposal method**Disposal of this product must comply with the requirements of the Resource Management

Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the

environment.

**Contaminated packaging**Rinse containers with water before disposal. Preferably re-cycle container, otherwise

send to landfill or similar.

#### 14. Transport Information

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:Not applicable.Hazchem code:NA

## 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002544 or HSR002503, Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017 or Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017.

### Specific Workplace Controls (as per HSNO approval referenced to Controls Matrix)

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing > 50kg.

Labelling No removal of labels and/or decanting of product into other containers can occur.

Emergency plan Not required. Certified handler Not required. Tracking Not required. Bunding & secondary containment Not required. Signage Not required. Location test certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Not required. Fire extinguisher

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

#### Other Legislation

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



#### **Other Information** 16.

**Abbreviations** 

Approval HSR002544 or HSR002503, Construction Products (Subsidiary Hazard) Group **Approval Code** 

Standard 2017 or Additives, Process Chemicals and Raw Materials (Subsidiary Hazard)

Group Standard 2017, Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number **CAS Number** 

Ceiling Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical Ceiling

agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.

**Controls Matrix** List of default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, I16). Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test EC<sub>50</sub>

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

**EPA** Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

**HAZCHEM Code** Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

**HSNO** Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

**IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 $LD_{50}$ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population LC<sub>50</sub>

(usually rats)

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

**PES** Prescribed Exposure Standard means a WES or a biological exposure standard that is

prescribed in a regulation, a safe work instrument or an approval under HSNO (including

group standards).

**STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

**TWA** Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

**Upper Explosive Limit** UFI **UN Number United Nations Number** 

Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical **WES** 

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

**EPA Notices** 

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information Data

database (CCID). www.epa.govt.nz

**WES 2016** The NZ Workplace Exposure Standards Effective from 2016, published by WorkSafe NZ

and available on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Workplace Exposure Standards published by the Occupational Safety and Health **WES 2002** 

Service, Department of Labour, January 2002, ISBN 0-477-03660-0. These are the WES

referred to under the Group Standard (HSNO approval) and may constitute a PES.

Other References: Ingredients SDS's

Review

**Date** Reason for review

March 2016 New SDS.

December 2017 New logo, update of group standard

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

